

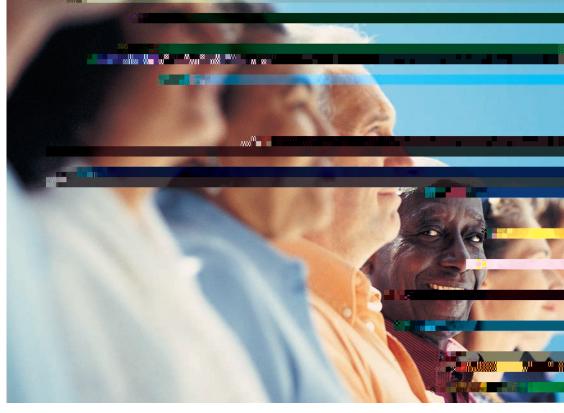




It is often diff cult to know if a person with cognitive problems or living with are open to the community, it is even more diff cult to estimate who will be elderly, are living with dementia, have learning diff culties or who are socially

or partners but they can also be a friend or a paid carer. Recent f gures diff culties that the person living with dementia is experiencing including invaluable source of information about an individual's likes and dislikes and

They may therefore need to f nd a space inside or outside the hall where  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$ 



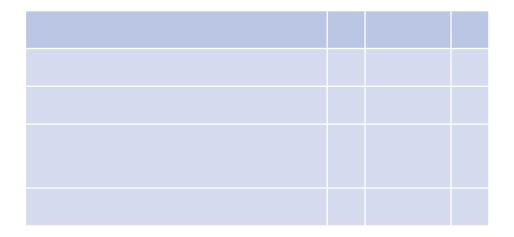
in supporting people with dementia to f nd their way around and be



People living with dementia may f nd it diff cult to see things if they are the

foors could look wet and slippery, and shadows can be misinterpreted as a change in foor level. For people living with dementia it is particularly important to provide orientation and wayfinding cues as impairments in

and they may have diff culty in coping with glare or shiny surfaces, which can look wet. Matt surface f nishes are better for them. People living with dementia may interpret shadows or dark areas on the foor as holes and try to step over them. They may also f nd refections from mirrors or shiny surfaces, including TV
them. They may also find reflections from mirrors or shiny surfaces, including TV



on doors, not beside them, to avoid confusion and at a height of 1.2m above foor wayf nding but should have contrasting frames to the artwork and the wall so

